Classification of Matter Lab Practical

Physical properties can be used to determine the Hypothesis: type of matter a substance is.

Procedure:

- 1. Make observations of physical properties of each of the 18 different substances.
- 2. Record your observations in the data table.
- 3. Identify the different elements, compounds, and mixtures. If the substance is a mixture make sure to determine if it is heterogeneous or homogeneous.

Substance Name	Description of beaker Contents	<u>Type of Substance</u> Element,
	Be as descriptive as possible.	Compound,
		Heterogeneous or
		Homogeneous
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		

9.	
10.	
11.	
12.	
13.	
14.	
15.	
16.	
17.	
18.	

Analysis Questions: Answer in complete sentences on a separate sheet of paper. Staple to the back of your lab worksheet.

- 1. Which of the samples would be considered pure matter?
- 2. Which of the substances might be considered a suspension? Why?
- 3. Which substances were the most difficult to classify? Why?